

清华大学高等研究院

Institute for Advanced Study, Tsinghua University

物理学术报告 Physics Seminars (biweekly)

Title:	Self-bound droplets of a dipolar Bose-Einstein condensate: stabilized by the Lee-Huang-Yang corrections
Speaker:	Blair Blakie (University of Otago, New Zealand)
Time:	4:00pm, Monday, May 8, 2017 (3:30~4:00pm, Tea, Coffee, and Cookie)
Venue:	Conference Hall 322, Science Building, Tsinghua University

Abstract

Recent experiments with Bose-Einstein condensates of dysprosium and erbium atoms have observed the formation of droplets that can preserve their form, even in the absence of any external confinement [1]. These droplets occur in the regime where the long-ranged dipoledipole interaction between the atoms dominates over the short-ranged contact interaction. In this regime meanfield theory predicts that the condensate is unstable to collapse. However, as the collapse begins, and the density increases, the Lee-Huang-Yang corrections to meanfield energy [2] become important and stabilizes the system as a finite sized droplet. I will discuss our recent theoretical work predicting the existence and properties of self-bound droplets [3] and their excitations [4].

[1] M. Schmitt, M. Wenzel, F. Bottcher, I. Ferrier-Barbut, and T. Pfau, Nature 539, 259 (2016).
[2] T. D. Lee, K. Huang, and C. N. Yang, Phys. Rev. 106, 1135 (1957)
[3] D. Baillie, R. M. Wilson, R. N. Bisset, and P. B. Blakie, Phys. Rev. A 94, 021602(R) (2016).
[4] D. Baillie, R. M. Wilson, P. B. Blakie, arXiv:1703.07927